

For *In Vitro* Diagnostic Use

ANNUAL REVIEW

Reviewed by	Date	Reviewed by	Date

PRINCIPLE

INTENDED USE

GGT reagent, when used in conjunction with UniCel[®] Dx_C 600/800 System(s), is intended for the quantitative determination of γ-glutamyl transferase activity in human serum or plasma.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

γ-glutamyl transferase measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of liver diseases such as alcoholic cirrhosis and primary and secondary liver tumors.

METHODOLOGY

GGT reagent is used to measure the γ-glutamyl transferase activity by an enzymatic rate method.¹ In the reaction, the γ-glutamyl transferase catalyzes the transfer of a gamma-glutamyl group from the colorless substrate, γ-glutamyl-p-nitroaniline, to the acceptor, glycylglycine with production of the colored product, p-nitroaniline.

The SYNCHRON[®] System(s) automatically proportions the appropriate sample and reagent volumes into the cuvette. The ratio used is one part sample to 20 parts reagent. The system monitors the change in absorbance at 410 nanometers. This change in absorbance is directly proportional to the activity of GGT in the sample and is used by the System to calculate and express GGT activity.

CHEMICAL REACTION SCHEME



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SPECIMEN

TYPE OF SPECIMEN

Biological fluid samples should be collected in the same manner routinely used for any laboratory test.² Freshly drawn serum or plasma are the preferred specimens. Acceptable anticoagulants are listed in the PROCEDURAL NOTES section of this chemistry information sheet. Whole blood or urine are not recommended for use as a sample.

SPECIMEN STORAGE AND STABILITY

1. Tubes of blood are to be kept closed at all times and in a vertical position. It is recommended that the serum or plasma be physically separated from contact with cells within two hours from the time of collection.³
2. Separated serum or plasma should not remain at room temperature longer than 8 hours. If assays are not completed within 8 hours, serum or plasma should be stored at +2°C to +8°C. If assays are not completed within 48 hours, or the separated sample is to be stored beyond 48 hours, samples should be frozen at -15°C to -20°C. Frozen samples should be thawed only once. Analyte deterioration may occur in samples that are repeatedly frozen and thawed.³

Additional specimen storage and stability conditions as designated by this laboratory:

SAMPLE VOLUME

The optimum volume, when using a 0.5 mL sample cup, is 0.3 mL of sample. For optimum primary sample tube volumes and minimum volumes, refer to the Primary Tube Sample Template for your system.

CRITERIA FOR UNACCEPTABLE SPECIMENS

Refer to the PROCEDURAL NOTES section of this chemistry information sheet for information on unacceptable specimens.

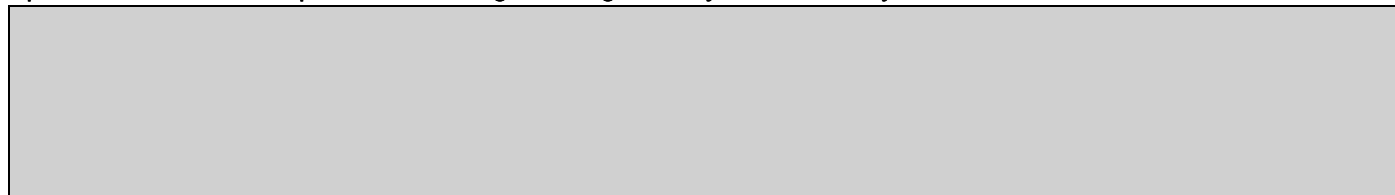
Criteria for sample rejection as designated by this laboratory:

PATIENT PREPARATION

Special instructions for patient preparation as designated by this laboratory:

SPECIMEN HANDLING

Special instructions for specimen handling as designated by this laboratory:



REAGENTS

CONTENTS

Each kit contains the following items:

Two GGT Reagent Cartridges (2 x 200 tests) or (2 x 400 tests)

VOLUMES PER TEST

Sample Volume	13 µL
ORDAC Sample Volume	3 µL
Total Reagent Volume	260 µL
Cartridge Volumes	
A	237 µL
B	23 µL
C	--

REACTIVE INGREDIENTS

REAGENT CONSTITUENTS

γ-glutamyl-p-nitroaniline	4.4 mmol/L
Glycylglycine	150 mmol/L

Also non-reactive chemicals necessary for optimal system performance.

 **CAUTION**

Sodium azide preservative may form explosive compounds in metal drain lines. See National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Bulletin: Explosive Azide Hazards (8/16/76).

Avoid skin contact with reagent. Use water to wash reagent from skin.

EUROPEAN HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase Reagent (Compartment B)	Xn;R22	Harmful if swallowed.
	S37/39	Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

MATERIALS NEEDED BUT NOT SUPPLIED WITH REAGENT KIT

At least two levels of control material
Saline

REAGENT PREPARATION

No preparation is required.

ACCEPTABLE REAGENT PERFORMANCE

The acceptability of a reagent is determined by ensuring that quality control results are within your facility's acceptance criteria.

REAGENT STORAGE AND STABILITY

GGT reagent when stored unopened at +2°C to +8°C will obtain the shelf-life indicated on the cartridge label. Once opened, the reagent is stable for 7 days at +2°C to +8°C unless the expiration date is exceeded. DO NOT FREEZE.

Reagent storage location:

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CALIBRATION

CALIBRATOR REQUIRED

Calibration is not required.

TRACEABILITY

This measurand (analyte) is traceable to the manufacturer's selected Measurement Procedure as described in the Methodology section.

QUALITY CONTROL

At least two levels of control material should be analyzed daily. In addition, these controls should be run with each new reagent cartridge and after specific maintenance or troubleshooting procedures as detailed in the appropriate system manual. More frequent use of controls or the use of additional controls is left to the discretion of the user based on good laboratory practices or laboratory accreditation requirements and applicable laws.

The following controls should be prepared and used in accordance with the package inserts. Discrepant quality control results should be evaluated by your facility.

Table 1.0 Quality Control Material

CONTROL NAME	SAMPLE TYPE	STORAGE

TESTING PROCEDURE(S)

1. If necessary, load the reagent onto the system.
2. Program samples and controls for analysis.
3. After loading samples and controls onto the system, follow the protocols for system operations.

For detailed testing procedures, refer to the UniCel DxC 600/800 System *Instructions For Use* (IFU) manual.

CALCULATIONS

The SYNCHRON® System(s) performs all calculations internally to produce the final reported result. The system will calculate the final result for sample dilutions made by the operator when the dilution factor is entered into the system during sample programming.

REPORTING RESULTS

Equivalency between the SYNCHRON LX and UniCel DxC 600/800 Systems has been established. Chemistry results between these systems are in agreement and data from representative systems may be shown.

REFERENCE INTERVALS

Each laboratory should establish its own reference intervals based upon its patient population. The reference intervals listed below were taken from literature and a study performed on SYNCHRON Systems.⁴

Table 2.0 Reference intervals

INTERVALS	SAMPLE TYPE	CONVENTIONAL UNITS	S.I. UNITS
Literature	Serum or Plasma	7 – 64 IU/L	0.1 – 1.1 µkat/L
SYNCHRON	Serum or Plasma	7 – 50 IU/L	0.1 – 0.9 µkat/L

INTERVALS	SAMPLE TYPE	CONVENTIONAL UNITS	S.I. UNITS
Laboratory			

Refer to References (5,6,7) for guidelines on establishing laboratory-specific reference intervals.

Additional reporting information as designated by this laboratory:

PROCEDURAL NOTES

ANTICOAGULANT TEST RESULTS

1. If plasma is the sample of choice, the following anticoagulants were found to be compatible with this method based on a study of 20 healthy volunteers:

Table 3.0 Acceptable Anticoagulants^a

ANTICOAGULANT	LEVEL TESTED FOR IN VITRO INTERFERENCE	AVERAGE PLASMA-SERUM BIAS (IU/L)
Ammonium Heparin	29 Units/mL	NSI ^b
Lithium Heparin	29 Units/mL	NSI
Sodium Heparin	29 Units/mL	NSI

a Data shown was collected using SYNCHRON CX Systems. Equivalency between SYNCHRON LX Systems has been established by Deming regression analysis to SYNCHRON CX Systems.

b NSI = No Significant Interference (within ± 6.0 IU/L or 7%).

2. The following anticoagulants were found to be incompatible with this method:

Table 4.0 Incompatible Anticoagulants^a

ANTICOAGULANT	LEVEL TESTED FOR IN VITRO INTERFERENCE	PLASMA-SERUM BIAS (IU/L) ^b
EDTA	3.0 mg/mL	-10.0
Potassium Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride	4.0 mg/mL	-16.0
Sodium Citrate	6.6 mg/mL	-33.0

a Data shown was collected using SYNCHRON CX Systems. Equivalency between SYNCHRON LX Systems has been established by Deming regression analysis to SYNCHRON CX Systems.

b Bias is based on worst case instead of average. Plus (+) or minus (-) signs in this column signify positive or negative bias.

LIMITATIONS

None identified

INTERFERENCES

1. The following substances were tested for interference with this methodology:

Table 5.0 Interferences^a

SUBSTANCE	SOURCE	LEVEL TESTED	OBSERVED EFFECT ^b
Bilirubin (unconjugated)	Bovine	30 mg/dL	NSI ^c

Table 5.0 Interferences, Continued

SUBSTANCE	SOURCE	LEVEL TESTED	OBSERVED EFFECT ^b
Hemoglobin	RBC hemolysate	300 mg/dL	-7 @ 42 IU/L
		500 mg/dL	NSI @ 521 IU/L
Lipemia	Intralipid ^d	500 mg/dL	NSI

a Data shown was collected using SYNCHRON CX Systems. Equivalency between SYNCHRON LX Systems has been established by Deming regression analysis to SYNCHRON CX Systems.

b Plus (+) or minus (-) signs in this column signify positive or negative interference.

c NSI = No Significant Interference (within ±6 IU/L or 7%).

d Intralipid is a registered trademark of KabiVitrum, Inc., Clayton, NC 27250.

2. The following drugs may cause artificial serum γ -glutamyl transferase elevations: ethanol, phenobarbitone, phenytoin, methaqualone, amylobarbitone, dichloralphenazone, quinalbarbitone, and nitrazepam.

3. Refer to References (8,9,10) for other interferences caused by drugs, disease and preanalytical variables.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

ANALYTIC RANGE

The SYNCHRON[®] System(s) method for the determination of this analyte provides the following analytical ranges:

Table 6.0 Analytical Range

SAMPLE TYPE	CONVENTIONAL UNITS	S.I. UNITS
Serum or Plasma	5 – 750 IU/L	0.1 – 12.5 μ kat/L
Serum or Plasma (ORDAC) ^a	550 – 3000 IU/L	9.2 – 50.0 μ kat/L

Samples with activities exceeding the high end of the analytical range should be rerun with ORDAC enabled or diluted with saline and reanalyzed.

REPORTABLE RANGE (AS DETERMINED ON SITE):

Table 7.0 Reportable Range

SAMPLE TYPE	CONVENTIONAL UNITS	S.I. UNITS

SENSITIVITY

Sensitivity is defined as the lowest measurable concentration which can be distinguished from zero with 95% confidence. Sensitivity for GGT determination is 5 IU/L (0.08 μ kat/L).

EQUIVALENCY

Equivalency was assessed by Deming regression analysis of patient samples to accepted clinical methods.

Serum or Plasma (in the range of 8 to 679 IU/L):

$$Y \text{ (SYNCHRON LX Systems)} = 1.056X + 0.4$$

$$N = 80$$

$$\text{MEAN (SYNCHRON LX Systems)} = 142.8$$

Serum or Plasma (in the range of 8 to 679 IU/L):

MEAN (SYNCHRON CX7 DELTA) = 134.9

CORRELATION COEFFICIENT (r) = 0.9985

Refer to References (11) for guidelines on performing equivalency testing.

PRECISION

A properly operating SYNCHRON[®] System(s) should exhibit precision values less than or equal to the following:

Table 8.0 Precision Values

TYPE OF PRECISION	SAMPLE TYPE	1 SD		CHANGEOVER VALUE ^a		% CV
		IU/L	μkat/L	IU/L	μkat/L	
Within-run	Serum/Plasma	3.0	0.05	85.7	1.43	3.5
	Serum/Plasma (ORDAC)	NA ^b	NA	NA	NA	10.0
Total	Serum/Plasma	4.5	0.08	85.7	1.43	5.3
	Serum/Plasma (ORDAC)	NA	NA	NA	NA	15.0

Comparative performance data for a SYNCHRON LX[®] System evaluated using the NCCLS Proposed Guideline EP5-T2 appears in the table below.¹² Each laboratory should characterize their own instrument performance for comparison purposes.

Table 9.0 NCCLS EP5-T2 Precision Estimate Method

TYPE OF IMPRECISION	SAMPLE TYPE		No. Systems	No. Data Points ^a	Test Mean Value (IU/L)	EP5-T2 Calculated Point Estimates	
						SD	%CV
Within-run	Serum	Control 1	1	80	10.8	1.29	11.96
	Serum	Control 2	1	80	163.8	1.55	0.95
	Serum	Control 3	1	80	313.2	1.66	0.53
Total	Serum	Control 1	1	80	10.8	1.51	13.97
	Serum	Control 2	1	80	163.8	5.07	3.10
	Serum	Control 3	1	80	313.2	9.43	3.01

a The point estimate is based on the pooled data from one system, run for twenty days, two runs per day, two observations per run on an instrument operated and maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions.

NOTICE

These degrees of precision and equivalency were obtained in typical testing procedures on a SYNCHRON LX[®] System and are not intended to represent the performance specifications for this reagent.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For more detailed information on UniCel DxC Systems, refer to the appropriate system manual.

Beckman Coulter, the Beckman Coulter Logo, Synchron, UniCel and DxC are trademarks of Beckman Coulter, Inc and are registered in the USPTO.

SHIPPING DAMAGE

If damaged product is received, notify your Beckman Coulter Clinical Support Center.

REVISION HISTORY

Revision AE

Revised Quality Control section.

Revision AF

Updated corporate address; updated OSHA precaution.

Revision AG

Added Revision History.

Revision AH

Added new language requirement: Czech, and Korean.

Revision AJ

Removed references to CX and LX systems as they are discontinued effective 12/2013.

Added Beckman Coulter trademark statement and disclaimer.

REFERENCES

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12. National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards, *Precision Performance of Clinical Chemistry Devices* Tentative Guideline, 2nd Edition, NCCLS publication EP5-T2, Villanova, PA (1992).



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